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Appendix 1 Background

The Department of Justice, Criminal Justice Statistics Center (formerly the Bureau of Criminal Statistics), has been compiling and publishing data describing California's juvenile justice system since 1947. In 1969, the first computerized juvenile probation caseload file system was developed to receive information on juveniles being supervised by probation departments or in detention facilities. The system was designed to track transactions that took place within the juvenile probation system and to provide information on the chain of events that depicted a juvenile's progress through the probation and court processes from the time of referral to final disposition. Individual transactions were linked together to form a comprehensive record of the court and probation activities for a single offender.

In 1979, in an effort to upgrade the first computerized data collection system, the Juvenile Court and Probation Statistical System (JCPSS) was developed as a pilot study. Ten counties participated in the initial study, and in 1980 the pilot system was made operational statewide.

Appendix 1

Background

From 1980 to 1989, the JCPSS collected, compiled, and reported statistical data on the administration of juvenile justice in California by collecting individualized records on delinquent juveniles referred to California probation departments. These records contained information about the youth, referral source, referral offense, pre-adjudication detention, probation and court disposition, and current supervision status, and changes in prior supervision status. During this period, transaction reports were submitted at the time a disposition was made or when supervision was terminated.

In 1990, the JCPSS was eliminated because of budget reductions.

In 1995, with the help of Assemblyman Baca and the support of the Chief Probation Officers of California, Assembly Bill 488 was passed, directing the Department of Justice (DOJ) to reestablish the JCPSS. In June 1996, representatives from 14 probation departments and the DOJ met to finalize the reporting standards and system development began. In January 1997, several probation departments were submitting data to the JCPSS data.

In 1999, the Legislative Analyst's Office (LAO) recommended that the Legislature withhold 50 percent of the Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) funds from those probation departments not "certified" by the DOJ as submitting JCPSS data by March 2000. At that time, only 22 probation departments were submitting data to the JCPSS.

In 2000, the LAO again recommended that the Legislature withhold 50 percent of the TANF funds from those probation departments not certified by the DOJ as submitting JCPSS data by March 2001. In May 2000, a permanent JCPSS Advisory Committee was established to discuss improving county participation and legislative changes affecting JCPSS; no funds were withheld.

In 2001, the Legislature directed the DOJ, via Senate Bill 314, to include in its annual juvenile justice report, statistics on the administrative actions taken by law enforcement agencies regarding juveniles whose cases are transferred to or directly adjudicated in adult criminal court. This legislation also prompted discussions about replacing the existing JCPSS software, first provided to the probation departments in 1996, with a web-enabled application. In February 2002, development of the web-enabled JCPSS application began, and by October 2002, the DOJ began connecting county probation departments to the DOJ network.

In 2003, the JCPSS web-application became fully operational. Probation departments were trained and data submission began. Currently, 55 counties are connected to the web-enabled application, with 53 of those counties certified and submitting data. The DOJ continues to work with the remaining counties to achieve 100 percent participation.

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Appendix 2

Penal Code Sections

Welfare and Institutions Code Section 285

All probation officers shall make such periodic reports to the Bureau of Criminal Statistics as the bureau may require and upon forms furnished by the bureau, provided that no names or social security numbers shall be transmitted regarding any proceeding under Section 300 or 601.

Penal Code Section 13010

It shall be the duty of the department:

(a) To collect data necessary for the work of the department from all persons and agencies mentioned in Section 13020 and from any other appropriate source;

(b) To prepare and distribute to all such persons and agencies, cards or other forms used in reporting data to the department. Such cards or forms may, in addition to other items, include items of information needed by federal bureaus or departments engaged in the development of national and uniform criminal statistics;

(c) To recommend the form and content of records which must be kept by such persons and agencies in order to insure the correct reporting of data to the department;

(d) To instruct such persons and agencies in the installation, maintenance, and use of such records and in the reporting of data therefrom to the department;

(e) To process, tabulate, analyze and interpret the data collected from such persons and agencies;

(f) To supply, at their request, to federal bureaus or departments engaged in the collection of national criminal statistics data they need from this state;

(g) To present to the Governor, on or before July 1st, a printed annual report containing the criminal statistics of the preceding calendar year and to present at such other times as the Attorney General may approve reports on special aspects of criminal statistics. A sufficient number of copies of all reports shall be printed or otherwise prepared to enable the Attorney General to send a copy to all public officials in the state dealing with criminals and to distribute them generally in channels where they will add to the public enlightenment; and

(h) To periodically review the requirements of units of government using criminal justice statistics, and to make recommendations for changes it deems necessary in the design of criminal justice statistics systems, including new techniques of collection and processing made possible by automation.

Penal Code Section 13010.5

The department shall collect data pertaining to the juvenile justice system for statistical purposes. This information shall serve to assist the department in complying with the reporting requirement of subdivisions (c) and (d) of Section 13012, measuring the extent of juvenile delinquency, determining the need for and effectiveness of relevant legislation, and identifying long-term trends in juvenile delinquency.

Appendix 2

Penal Code Sections

Penal Code Section 13012

The annual report of the department provided for in Section 13010 shall contain statistics showing all of the following:

- (a) The amount and the types of offenses known to the public authorities.
- (b) The personal and social characteristics of criminals and delinquents.
- (c) The administrative actions taken by law enforcement, judicial, penal, and correctional agencies or institutions, including those in the juvenile justice system, in dealing with criminals or delinquents.
- (d) The administrative actions taken by law enforcement, prosecutorial, judicial, penal, and correctional agencies, including those in the juvenile justice system, in dealing with minors who are the subject of a petition or hearing in the juvenile court to transfer their case to the jurisdiction of an adult criminal court or whose cases are directly filed or otherwise initiated in an adult criminal court.
- (e) The number of citizens' complaints received by law enforcement agencies under Section 832.5. These statistics shall indicate the total number of these complaints, the number alleging criminal conduct of either a felony or misdemeanor, and the number sustained in each category. The report shall not contain a reference to any individual agency but shall be by gross numbers only.

It shall be the duty of the department to give adequate interpretation of the statistics and so to present the information that it may be of value in guiding the policies of the Legislature and of those in charge of the apprehension, prosecution, and treatment of the criminals and delinquents, or concerned with the prevention of crime and delinquency. The report shall also include statistics which are comparable with national uniform criminal statistics published by federal bureaus or departments heretofore mentioned.

Penal Code Section 13012.5

(a) The annual report published by the department under Section 13010 shall, in regard to the contents required by subdivision (d) of Section 13012, include the following statewide information:

(1) The annual number of fitness hearings held in the juvenile courts under Section 707 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, and the outcomes of those hearings including orders to remand to adult criminal court, cross-referenced with information about the age, gender, ethnicity, and offense of the minors whose cases are the subject of those fitness hearings.

(2) The annual number of minors whose cases are filed directly in adult criminal court under Sections 602.5 and 707 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, cross-referenced with information about the age, gender, ethnicity, and offense of the minors whose cases are filed directly to the adult criminal court.

(3) The outcomes of cases involving minors who are prosecuted in adult criminal courts, regardless of how adult court jurisdiction was initiated, including whether the minor was acquitted or convicted, or whether the case was dismissed and returned to juvenile court, including sentencing outcomes, cross-referenced with the age, gender, ethnicity, and offense of the minors subject to these court actions.

(b) The department's annual report published under Section 13010 shall include the information described in subdivision (d) of Section 13012, as further delineated by this section, beginning with the report due on July 1, 2003, for the preceding calendar year.

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Appendix 3

Data Limitations

Juvenile Court and Probation Statistical Systems

1. Each year there is a difference between the number of referrals to probation via the JCPSS and the number of juvenile arrests reported by law enforcement agencies as “referred to juvenile court and probation” via the Monthly Arrest and Citation Register (MACR). The differences are due, in part, to the different programs and definitions used by law enforcement agencies and probation department for submitting data to the DOJ. However, there are two primary reasons for the difference:
 - a. Probation departments report caseload information while law enforcement agencies report information on individual arrests.
 - b. The JCPSS counts only those juveniles who have a final disposition reported to the DOJ. Many probation departments divert juveniles out of the system into other “community based” programs. As a result, many juveniles who are diverted after being referred by law enforcement agencies are not reported on JCPSS.
2. All juvenile referrals for law violations and status offenses are reported in the JCPSS.
3. The information presented in this report represents the data received from 50 JCPSS certified counties (Alameda, Alpine, Amador, Butte, Calaveras, Colusa, Contra Costa, El Dorado, Fresno, Glenn, Humboldt, Imperial, Inyo, Kern, Lake, Lassen, Los Angeles, Madera, Marin, Mendocino, Merced, Modoc, Mono, Monterey, Napa, Nevada, Orange, Placer, Riverside, Sacramento, San Benito, San Bernardino, San Diego, San Francisco, San Luis Obispo, San Mateo, Santa Barbara, Santa Clara, Santa Cruz, Siskiyou, Solano, Sonoma, Stanislaus, Sutter, Trinity, Tulare, Tuolumne, Ventura, Yolo, and Yuba).
4. Adult disposition information includes those juveniles aged 14 to 17 who received an adult level disposition in 2003. The number of adult dispositions received in 2003 that meet the above criteria will not equal the number of juveniles transferred to the adult system for prosecution. Because of differences between the adult and juvenile systems, not every case transferred to the adult system is adjudicated in the same year.
5. For adult dispositions with multiple offenses, the most serious offense with the most severe punishment was used in the analysis.
6. In 2003, the JCPSS was modified to accept up to five offenses per referral or petition. Previously, the JCPSS would only accept the most serious offense per referral or petition.

Arrests

Monthly Arrest and Citation Register (MACR)

If a person is arrested for multiple offenses, MACR selects only the most serious offense based on the severity of possible punishment.

Appendix 4 Computational Formulas

Minority over-representation index:

$$\frac{\text{\% of cases involving minority youth at each stage}}{\text{\% of cases received involving minority youth}}$$

An index value of:

- More than 1 indicates minority over-representation.
- 1 indicates proportional representation.
- Less than 1 indicates minority under-representation.

The following example shows how the index value is calculated and interpreted.

	Minority juveniles	Juvenile population	Percent minority
Justice-involved juveniles	640	2,000	32%
Overall juvenile population	720	4,500	16%

The index value is calculated as 32% divided by 16% = 2. An index value of 2 indicates that minority youth are represented among justice-involved juveniles at twice their rate of the overall juvenile population.

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Appendix 5 Felony-Level Offense Codes

The following statutes and their offense groupings were valid at the time of the closeout of the 2003 arrest offense code file. All statutory codes listed are for Penal Code sections unless indicated as follows:

BP - Business and Professions Code	GC - Government Code	PR - Public Resources Code
CC - Corporations Code	HN - Harbors and Navigation Code	RT - Revenue and Taxation Code
EC - Education Code	HS - Health and Safety Code	SH - Streets and Highways Code
FA - Food and Agriculture Code	IC - Insurance Code	UI - Unemployment Insurance Code
FC - Financial Code	LC - Labor Code	VC - Vehicle Code
FG - Fish and Game Code	MV - Military and Veterans Code	WI - Welfare and Institutions Code

FELONY-LEVEL OFFENSE CODES

Murder - 128, 187(a), 189, 273ab, 12310(a)

Manslaughter N/Veh - 192(a), 192(b), 193(a), 193(b), 399

Manslaughter Veh - 191.5(a), 191.5(b), 191.5(d), 192(c)(1), 192(c)(3), 192(c)(4), 192.5(a), 192.5(c), 193(c)(1), 193(c)(3)

Forcible Rape - 220, 261, 261(a)(1), 261(a)(2), 261(a)(3), 261(a)(4), 261(a)(5), 261(a)(6), 261(a)(7), 262(a)(1), 262(a)(2), 262(a)(3), 262(a)(4), 262(a)(5), 264.1, 266c, 269(a)(1), 269(a)(2), 664/261

Robbery - 211, 212.5(a), 212.5(b), 212.5(c), 213(a)(1)(a), 213(b), 214, 215(a), 278.5(a), 664/211, 664/212.5(a), 664/212.5(b)

Assault - 69, 71, 76(a), 95.1, 139(a), 140, 140(a), 146e(b), 148(b), 148(c), 148(d), 148(d)(1), 148.1(a), 148.1(b), 148.1(c), 148.1(d), 148.3(b), 148.4(b)(1), 148.4(b)(2), 148.10(a), 149, 151(a)(2), 186.26(a), 186.26(c), 203, 205, 206, 217.1(a), 217.1(b), 218, 219, 219.1, 219.2*, 222, 241.1, 241.4, 241.7, 242*, 242/243*, 243(c), 243(c)(1)*, 243(c)(2)*, 243(d), 243.1, 243.3*, 243.6*, 243.7, 243.9(a)*, 244, 244.5(b), 244.5(c), 245(a)(1)*, 245(a)(2)*, 245(a)(3), 245(b), 245(c), 245(d)(1), 245(d)(2), 245(d)(3), 245.2, 245.3, 245.5(a), 245.5(b), 245.5(c), 246*, 246.3*, 247(a), 247(b), 247.5*, 273a(a), 273d(a), 273.5(a), 273.5(e)*, 347(a), 347(b), 368(a), 368(b)(1), 375(a)*, 375(d), 401, 405a, 405b, 417(b)*, 417(c), 417.1, 417.3, 417.6(a), 417.8, 422*, 422.7(a), 588a*, 601(a)(1), 601(a)(2), 625c, 664/187(a), 664/189, 1768.8(b), 1768.85(a)*, 1808.4(d), 4131.5, 4500, 4501, 4501.5, 11412, 11413(a), 11418(a), 11418(b)(1), 11418(b)(2), 11418(b)(3), 11418(c), 11418(d)*, 11418.5(a)*, 11419(a)*, 12303*, 12303.1(a), 12303.1(b), 12303.1(c), 12303.2, 12303.3, 12303.6, 12304*, 12305 HS, 12308, 12309, 12310(b), 12312, 12355(a), 12355(b), 15656(a), 21464(c) VC, 23110(b) VC, 38318(b) VC, 38318.5(b) VC

Kidnapping - 157, 207(a), 207(b), 207(c), 207(d), 208(b), 208(d), 209(a), 209(b), 209(b)(1), 209.5(a), 210, 278, 278.5(a), 280(b), 4503

Burglary - 459*, 460, 460(a), 460(b)*, 461, 461.1, 461.2, 463(a), 464, 664/459, 664/460, 664/460(a), 664/460(b)

Theft - 72, 115(a), 115.5(b), 116, 117, 134, 154(b), 155(b), 155.5(b), 156, 166(c)(4)*, 182(a)(4), 304 HN, 305 HN, 332(a)*, 334(a)*, 337.7, 350(a)*, 350(a)(2)*, 350(b), 368(c)*, 368(d)*, 368(e)*, 424.1, 424.2, 424.3, 424.4, 424.5, 424.6, 424.7, 463(b), 474, 481, 481.1(a), 483.5(a), 484(a)*, 484(b)*, 484b*, 484c, 484.1(a)*, 485*, 487, 487(a), 487a(a), 487a(b), 487b, 487(b)(1)(a), 487(b)(3), 487(c)*, 487(d), 487d, 487e, 487g, 489, 495, 496(a), 496a(a), 496(c), 496c*, 496(d)*, 496(d)(a), 496(e), 497, 498(d), 499c(b)(1), 499c(b)(2), 499c(b)(3), 499c(b)(4), 499d, 502(c)(1)(a), 502(c)(1)(b), 502(c)(2), 502(c)(4), 502(c)(5), 502(c)(6)*, 502(c)(7)*, 502.5*, 502.7(a)(1)*, 502.7(a)(2)*, 502.7(a)(3)*, 502.7(a)(4)*, 502.7(a)(5)*, 502.7(b)(1)*, 502.7(b)(2), 502.7(c)*, 502.7(d)*, 502.7(g), 502.8(a)*, 502.8(b)*, 502.8(c), 502.8(d), 502.8(e), 502.8(f), 503*, 504*, 504a*, 504b*, 505*, 506*, 506b, 507*, 508*, 514*, 528, 529, 529a*, 529.1, 529.2, 529.3, 530*, 530.5*, 530.5(a)*, 532(a)*, 532a(1)*, 532a(2)*, 532a(3)*, 532a(4)*, 533, 534, 535, 537(a)(2), 537(c)(2)*, 537e(a)(3), 538*, 538.5, 540, 541, 542, 543, 548(a), 549, 550(a)(1), 550(a)(2), 550(a)(3), 550(a)(4), 550(a)(5), 550(a)(6), 550(a)(7), 550(a)(8), 550(b)(1), 550(b)(2), 550(b)(3), 560, 560.4, 566, 571(b), 577, 578, 580, 581, 593d(b), 620, 648*, 650 BP, 664/487, 666, 1733 IC, 1778 LC, 1871.4(a)(1) IC, 1871.4(a)(2) IC, 1871.4(a)(3) IC, 2101(a)(1) UI, 2102(a) UI, 2107 UI, 2108 UI, 2110 UI, 2110.5 UI, 2114 UI, 2116(a) UI, 2121 UI, 2255(b) CC, 3215 LC, 3352 FC, 3361 FC, 3531 FC, 4463(a)(1) VC, 4463(a)(2) VC, 7027.3 BP, 10250.52 BP, 10752(a) VC, 10752(b) VC, 10801 VC, 10802 VC, 10803(a) VC, 10803(b) VC, 10855 VC*, 10980(b) WI, 10980(c)(2) WI, 10980(d) WI, 10980(g)(2) WI, 11010(a) BP, 11019(a) BP, 11022(a) BP, 11320 BP, 11482.5 WI, 11483 WI*, 11483.5 WI, 11760(a) IC, 11880(a) IC, 14014(a) WI*, 14025(a) WI, 14107 WI, 17410 WI, 17511.12(a) BP, 17551(a) FA, 17551(b) FA, 18848 FA*, 22430(a) BP, 22753(a) BP*, 25110 CC, 25401 CC, 25541 CC, 27443(a) GC, 27443(b) GC, 30475(b) RT, 30480 RT, 31110 CC, 31201 CC, 31410 CC, 31411 CC, 44209 HS, 94319.14(b) EC, 94320(f) EC, 94320(g) EC, 103800 HS

Motor Vehicle Theft - 487(d), 666.5(a), 10851(a) VC, 10851(b) VC, 10851(e) VC

Appendix 5 Felony-Level Offense Codes

Forgery, Checks, Access Cards - 113, 114, 470(a), 470(b), 470(c), 470(d)*, 470a*, 470b, 471, 472, 473, 475, 475(a), 475(b), 475(c)*, 476, 476a(a), 476a(b)*, 477, 478, 479, 480, 480(a), 484e(a), 484e(b), 484e(c), 484e(d), 484e(e), 484f(a), 484f(b), 484f(c), 484g(a)*, 484g(b)*, 484h(a)*, 484i(b), 484i(c), 617, 664/470(a), 10980(e) WI

Arson - 451(a), 451(b), 451(c), 451(d), 451.5(a)(1), 452(a), 452(b), 452(c), 453(a), 453(b), 454(a)(1), 454(a)(2), 455

Drug Offenses

Narcotics - 11350(a) HS, 11350(b) HS, 11351 HS, 11351.5 HS, 11352(a) HS, 11352(b) HS, 11353(a) HS, 11353(b) HS, 11353(c) HS, 11354(a) HS

Marijuana - 11357(a) HS, 11358 HS, 11359 HS, 11360(a) HS, 11361(a) HS, 11361(b) HS

Dangerous Drugs - 11353.5 HS, 11353.7 HS, 11370.1(a) HS, 11375(b) HS, 11377(a) HS, 11378 HS, 11378.5 HS, 11379(a) HS, 11379(b) HS, 11379.5(a) HS, 11379.5(b) HS, 11380(a) HS, 11550(e) HS

All Other - 4324(a) BP*, 4324(b) BP*, 4336(a) BP, 11104(a) HS, 11106(j) HS*, 11152 HS, 11153(a)(1) HS, 11154(a) HS, 11154(b) HS, 11155 HS, 11156 HS, 11157 HS, 11162.5(a) HS, 11166 HS, 11173(a) HS*, 11173(b) HS, 11173(c) HS, 11173(d) HS, 11174 HS, 11355 HS*, 11363 HS, 11364.7(b) HS, 11366 HS*, 11366.5(a) HS, 11366.5(b) HS, 11366.6 HS, 11366.7(b) HS, 11366.8(a) HS, 11366.8(b) HS, 11368 HS, 11370.6(a) HS, 11370.9(a) HS, 11370.9(b) HS, 11370.9(c) HS, 11371 HS, 11371.1 HS, 11379.6(a) HS, 11379.6(b) HS, 11382 HS, 11383(a) HS, 11383(b) HS, 11383(c)(1) HS, 11383(c)(2) HS, 11383(f) HS, 11390 HS, 11391 HS

Sex Offenses

Lewd or Lascivious - 266j, 269(a)(4), 288(a), 288(b)(1), 288(b)(2), 288(c)(1), 288(c)(2), 288.5(a)

All Other - 243.4(a), 243.4(b), 243.4(c)*, 261.5(a), 261.5(c), 261.5(d), 265, 266, 266a, 266b, 266d, 266e, 266f, 266g, 266h, 266h(a), 266h(b), 266i, 266i(a)(1), 266i(b), 267, 269(a)(3), 269(a)(5), 285, 286(a), 286(b)(1), 286(b)(2), 286(c)(1), 286(c)(2), 286(d), 286(e), 286(f), 286(g), 286(h), 286(i), 286(j), 286(k), 288a(a), 288a(b)(1), 288a(b)(2), 288a(c)(1), 288a(c)(2), 288a(c)(3), 288a(d)(1), 288a(d)(2), 288a(d)(3), 288a(e), 288a(f), 288a(g), 288a(h), 288a(i), 288a(j), 288a(k), 288.2(a)*, 288.2(b)*, 289(a), 289(a)(1), 289(a)(2), 289(b), 289(c), 289(d), 289(d)(1), 289(e), 289(f), 289(g), 289(h), 289(i), 289(j), 289.6(a)*, 289.6(a)(2), 290(a)(1)(a)*, 290(a)(1)(d)*, 290(f)(1), 290(f)(2), 290(g)(2), 290(g)(3), 311.1(a), 311.10(a), 311.11(b), 311.2(a)*, 311.2(b), 311.2(c)*, 311.2(d), 311.3(a)*, 311.4(a)*, 311.4(b), 311.4(c), 311.5*, 311.7*, 313.1(a)*, 313.1(b)*, 313.1(c)(1) *, 314.1*, 647f, 647.6(b), 647.6(c)(1), 647.6(c)(2), 664/286(b)(1), 664/286(b)(2), 664/286(c), 664/286(d), 664/286(e), 729(a)*

Driving Under the Influence - 655(f) HN, 23153(a) VC, 23153(b) VC, 23153(d) VC, 23175(a) VC, 23175.5 VC, 23550(a) VC*, 23550.5 VC*, 23550.5(a) VC*

Hit-and-Run - 20001(a) VC, 20001(b)(1) VC, 20001(b)(2) VC

Weapons - 171b(a)(1), 171b(a)(2), 171b(a)(3), 171b(a)(4), 171b(a)(5), 171c, 171d.1, 171d.2, 186.28(a), 626.9(b)*, 626.9(d), 626.9(h), 626.9(i), 626.95(a), 626.10(a), 626.10(b)*, 4502(a), 4502(b), 8101(a) WI, 8101(b) WI, 8103(a)(1) WI, 8103(f)(1) WI, 12001.5, 12020(a)*, 12020(a)(1)*, 12020(a)(2)*, 12020(a)(3)*, 12020(a)(4)*, 12020(c)(7), 12020(c)(11), 12021(a)(1), 12021(b), 12021(c)(1), 12021(d), 12021(e), 12021(g)(1)*, 12021.1(a), 12021.1(c), 12023(a)*, 12025(a)(1)*, 12025(a)(2)*, 12025(a)(3)*, 12025(b)(2), 12025(b)(4), 12031, 12031(a)(1)*, 12031(a)(2)(a), 12031(a)(2)(b), 12031(a)(2)(c), 12031(a)(2)(f)*, 12034(b), 12034(c), 12034(d), 12035(b)(1), 12040(a), 12072(a)(1), 12072(a)(2), 12072(a)(3)(a), 12072(a)(4)*, 12072(a)(5)*, 12072(d), 12090, 12091, 12101(a)(1)*, 12101(b)(1)*, 12220(a), 12220(b), 12280(a)(1), 12280(b), 12316(b)(1)*, 12320, 12321, 12403.7(a)*, 12403.7(a)(7), 12403.7(d)*, 12403.7(g)*, 12422, 12520

Escape - 107, 109, 110, 836.6(a)*, 836.6(b)*, 871(b) WI, 1026.4(a), 1152(b) WI, 1370.5(a), 1768.7(a) WI, 1768.7(b) WI, 2042, 3002 WI, 4011.7*, 4530(a), 4530(b), 4530(c), 4532(a)(1), 4532(a)(2), 4532(b)(1), 4532(b)(2), 4533, 4534, 4535, 4536(a), 4550.1, 4550.2, 7326 WI

Bookmaking - 337a.1, 337a.2, 337a.3, 337a.4, 337a.5, 337a.6, 337i

All Other Felony Offenses

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Appendix 6

Misdemeanor-Level Offense Codes

MISDEMEANOR-LEVEL OFFENSE CODES

Manslaughter-Misd. - 192(c)(2), 192.5(b), 193(c)(2)

Assault and Battery - 71*, 147, 148(a), 148(a)(1), 148.1(a)*, 148.2.1, 148.2.2, 148.2.3, 148.2.4, 148.3(a), 148.4(a)(1), 148.4(a)(2), 151(a)(1), 219.2*, 240, 240/241, 240/242, 241(a), 241(b), 241.1*, 241.2(a), 241.3(a), 241.4, 241.6, 241/243, 242*, 242/243*, 243(a), 243(b), 243(c)(1)*, 243(c)(2)*, 243(d)*, 243(e)(1), 243.2(a), 243.2(a)(1), 243.3*, 243.35(a), 243.4(c)*, 243.4(d)(1), 243.5(a)(1), 243.5(a)(2), 243.6*, 243.8, 243.8(a), 243.9(a)*, 245(a)(1)*, 245(a)(2)*, 246*, 246.3*, 247.5*, 248, 273a(b), 273d(a), 368(b), 368(c), 374c, 375(a)*, 375(b), 375(c), 383, 402a, 417(a)(1), 417(a)(2), 417(b)*, 417.4, 417.25(a), 422*, 422.6(a), 423.2(a), 423.2(b), 1768.85(a)*, 2652, 11414(a), 11418(d)*, 11418.5(a)*, 11419(a)*, 12304*, 12680 HS, 15656(b) WI

Burglary - Misd. - 459*, 460(b)*

Petty Theft - 368(d)*, 368(e)*, 463(c), 484(a)*, 484(b)*, 484b*, 484.1(a)*, 485*, 487(c)*, 487c, 487f, 488, 490, 490.1(a), 490.5(a), 496c*, 502.5*, 530*, 530.5, 530.5(a)*, 532(a)*, 538*, 565, 14014(a) WI*, 22435.2(a) BP, 22435.2(b) BP, 22435.2(e) BP, 22435.2(f) BP, 22435.11(a) BP, 22435.12 BP, 22753(a) BP*, 41950(a) PR

Other Theft - *Includes approximately 160 statute codes that can be identified upon request.*

Checks and Access Cards - 470a*, 470(d)*, 472, 475(c)*, 476a(b)*, 484e(a), 484e(b), 484g(a)*, 484g(b)*, 484h(a)*, 484i(a), 484j

Drug Offenses

Marijuana - 11357(a) HS*, 11357(b) HS, 11357(c) HS, 11357(d) HS, 11357(e) HS, 11360(b) HS, 23222(b) VC

Other Drugs - 377, 647(f), 2241 BP, 2242.1(a) BP, 2762(e) BP, 2878.5(a) BP, 4051 BP, 4059(a) BP, 4060 BP, 4140 BP, 4141 BP, 4142 BP, 4163 BP, 4323 BP, 4324(a) BP*, 4324(b) BP*, 4325(a) BP, 4326(a) BP, 4326(b) BP, 4331(a) BP, 4332 BP, 11100(g)(1) HS, 11100(g)(2) HS, 11100(g)(3) HS, 11100.1(a) HS, 11104(c) HS, 11104.5 HS, 11106(j) HS*, 11150 HS, 11159 HS, 11161(a) HS, 11162 HS, 11162.5(b) HS, 11170 HS, 11171 HS, 11172 HS, 11173(a) HS*, 11175 HS, 11180 HS, 11190 HS, 11207 HS, 11217 HS, 11352.1(b) HS, 11355 HS*, 11364 HS, 11364.7(a) HS, 11364.7(c) HS, 11365(a) HS, 11366 HS*, 11377(b) HS, 11532(a) HS, 11550(a) HS, 11594 HS, 109575 HS, 109580 HS

Indecent Exposure - 314.1*, 314.2

Annoying Children - 261.5(b), 288a(b)(1), 647.6(a)

Obscene Matter - 288.2(a)*, 288.2(b)*, 311(a), 311.1(a)*, 311.11(a), 311.2(a)*, 311.2(c)*, 311.3(a)*, 311.4(a)*, 311.5*, 311.6, 311.7*, 313.1(a)*, 313.1(b)*, 313.1(c)(1)*, 313.1(c)(2), 313.1(e)

Lewd Conduct - 647(a), 647(d), 647(i), 647(k)(1), 647(k)(2), 653g

Prostitution - 315, 316, 647(b), 653.22(a), 25601 BP

Contribute to Delinquency of Minor - 272, 272(b)(1)

Drunk - 647(f)

Liquor Laws - 172a, 172b.1, 172d.1, 172g.1, 172l, 303, 303a, 307, 347b, 397, 11200, 23220 VC, 23222(a) VC, 23224(a) VC, 23224(b) VC, 23300 BP, 23301 BP, 25351 BP, 25602(a) BP, 25604 BP, 25606 BP, 25607(a) BP, 25608 BP, 25609 BP, 25617 BP, 25620 BP, 25631 BP, 25632 BP, 25657(a) BP, 25657(b) BP, 25658(a) BP, 25658(b) BP, 25658(c) BP, 25660.5 BP, 25661 BP, 25662(a) BP, 25663(a) BP, 25664 BP, 25665 BP, 120305 HS

Appendix 6

Misdemeanor-Level Offense Codes

Disorderly Conduct - 647, 647(c), 647(e), 647(h), 647(j), 647b

Disturbing the Peace - 171f.2, 302(a), 403, 404(a), 404(b), 404.6(a), 405, 406, 407, 408, 409, 415(1), 415(2), 415(3), 415.5(a)(1), 415.5(a)(2), 415.5(a)(3), 416(a), 602.10, 602.11(a), 626.2, 626.4(d), 626.6(a), 626.7(a), 626.8(a)(1), 626.8(a)(2), 626.8(a)(3), 626.85(a)(1), 653m(a), 653m(b), 653m(c)(2), 653x(a), 727, 9051 GC, 11460(a)

Malicious Mischief - 625b(a), 10750(a) VC, 10851.5 VC, 10852 VC, 10853 VC, 10854 VC

Vandalism - 422.6(b), 423.2(e), 423.2(f), 555.1, 587a, 587.1(a), 588b, 590, 592(a), 594(a)*, 594(a)(1)*, 594(b)(1)*, 594(b)(2)(a), 594(b)(3), 594(b)(4), 594.3(a)*, 594.4(a)*, 603, 604, 605.1, 605.2, 605.3, 607, 615, 616, 618, 622, 622 1/2, 623(a), 623(a)(1), 623(a)(2), 623(a)(3), 623(a)(4), 623(a)(5), 623(a)(6), 640.5(b)(1), 640.5(c)(1), 640.8, 11411(a), 11411(c)*, 23110(a) VC, 27491.3 GC, 38318(a) VC, 38319 VC

Trespassing - 171f.1, 369g(a), 369i(a), 369i(b), 398 MV, 409.5(c), 554(a), 554(b), 554(c), 554(d), 554(e), 554(f), 554(g), 554(h), 554(i), 555, 558, 587b, 593b, 602, 602(a), 602(b), 602(c), 602(d), 602(e), 602(f), 602(g), 602(h), 602(i), 602(j), 602(k)(1), 602(k)(2), 602(k)(3), 602(k)(4), 602(l), 602(m), 602(n)(1), 602(n)(2), 602(o), 602(p), 602(q), 602(r), 602(s), 602(t)(1), 602.1(a), 602.1(b), 602.4, 602.5, 602.5(a), 602.5(b), 602.6, 602.8(a), 627.2, 627.7(a)(1), 627.8, 1583 FG, 27174.2 SH, 32210 EC

Weapons - 417.2(a), 468, 626.10(a)*, 626.10(b)*, 626.9(b)*, 653k, 12001.1(a), 12020(a)*, 12020(a)(1)*, 12020(a)(2)*, 12020(a)(3)*, 12020(a)(4)*, 12020.5, 12021(g)(1)*, 12021(g)(2), 12023(a)*, 12024, 12025(a)(1)*, 12025(a)(2)*, 12025(a)(3)*, 12031(a)(1)*, 12031(a)(2)(f)*, 12034(a), 12035(b)(2), 12036(b), 12051(b), 12070(a), 12072(a)(5)*, 12076(b)(1), 12082, 12094, 12094(a), 12101(a)(1)*, 12101(b)(1)*, 12125(a), 12280(b), 12303*, 12316(a), 12316(b)(1)*, 12316(c), 12403.7(a)*, 12403.7(a)(4), 12403.7(d)*, 12403.7(g)*, 12403.8(a), 12403.8(b), 12420, 12551, 12552(a), 12582, 12590(a)(1), 12590(a)(2), 12651(a), 12651(b), 12651(c), 12651(d), 12652

Driving Under the Influence - 655(b) HN, 655(c) HN, 655(e) HN, 23152(a) VC, 23152(b) VC, 23152(c) VC, 23152(d) VC, 23247(a) VC, 23247(b) VC, 23247(c) VC, 23247(d) VC, 23550(a) VC*, 23550.5 VC*, 23550.5(a) VC*

Glue Sniffing - 380(a), 381(a), 381(b), 381b, 647(f)

Hit-and-Run - 20002(a) VC, 20002(a)(1) VC, 20002(a)(2) VC, 20002(b) VC

Joy Riding - 499b

Selected Traffic Violations - 23103(a) VC, 23103(b) VC, 23104(a) VC, 23109(a) VC, 23109(b) VC, 23109(c) VC, 23109(d) VC, 38316 VC, 38317 VC, 40508(a) VC, 40508(b) VC, 40519 VC, 42005(e) VC

Gambling - 318, 319, 320, 321, 322, 323, 324, 326, 326.5(b), 326.5(n), 330, 330a, 330b(1), 330c, 330.1, 330.4, 331, 335, 336, 337s(b), 337.1, 337.2, 337.5, 11300, 19932(a)(1) BP

Nonsupport - 270*, 270a, 270c, 270.5(a), 271a

All Other Misdemeanor Offenses

Notes: These codes are valid for 2003 data and may not be applicable for prior years.

"All Other Felony Offenses" also includes sections in the Election Code.

"All Other Misdemeanor Offenses" also includes sections in the California Administrative Code, California Code of Regulations, City or County Ordinances, Civil Procedure Code, Election Code, Parks and Recreation Code, Public Utilities Code, Uniform Fire Code, and Water Code.

*These code sections can be either a felony or a misdemeanor.

More ->

Appendix 7

Juvenile Justice Glossary

California Youth Authority (CYA) – the state agency which has jurisdiction over and maintains institutions as correctional schools for the reception of wards of the juvenile court and other persons committed from superior courts.

Caseload – the number of juveniles under the supervision/jurisdiction of a probation department, excluding courtesy supervision, but including juveniles on diversion, informal probation (654 or 654.2 WI), non-ward probation (725(a) WI), deferred entry of judgment (790 WI), and those who are wards of the juvenile court.

Closed at Intake – a referral is closed at intake by the probation department following an investigation of the circumstances and nature of the alleged offense. No further action is taken.

Deferred Entry of Judgment – a treatment program for first-time felony offenders aged 14 to 17 (pursuant to 790 WI).

Deferred Entry of Judgment Failure – a felony offender who fails the treatment program (pursuant to 793 WI).

Detention – the status of a juvenile immediately after arrest and prior to any court action.

Direct File in Adult Court – the transfer of a juvenile offender who is alleged to have committed murder, rape, spousal rape, forcible sex offense, lewd and lascivious acts on a child under the age of 14 years, forcible sexual penetration, sodomy, or oral copulation to a court of criminal jurisdiction (pursuant to 602(b) WI).

Dismissed – a petition is dismissed by the juvenile court with no further action taken.

Disposition – an action taken by the probation officer or juvenile court as a result of a referral.

Diversion – any delivery or referral of a minor, by the probation department, to a public or private agency with which the city or county has an agreement to provide diversion services. Diversion services must meet the following criteria:

- 1) The probation department must have referred the minor and continued to be responsible and maintained responsibility for that minor's progress.
- 2) Placement and monitoring of a minor must have a beginning and ending date.

Fitness Hearing (707(b) WI) – a hearing to determine whether the juvenile is a fit and proper subject to be dealt with under the juvenile court law. If the juvenile is found fit, adjudication remains in the juvenile court. If the juvenile is found unfit, adjudication is transferred to the adult court.

Informal Probation (654 WI) – supervision of a minor, in lieu of filing a petition, for a period not to exceed six months. The supervision is based on a contractual agreement between a probation officer and a minor's parents or guardian provided for under 654 Welfare and Institutions Code (WI).

Informal Probation (654.2 WI) – supervision of a minor, in lieu of declaring a minor a ward of the court, for a period not to exceed six months. The supervision is based on a contractual agreement between a court and a minor's parents or guardian. The period of supervision may be extended.

Non-Secure Facility – a facility where a juvenile is not physically restricted from leaving.

Non-Ward Probation (725a WI) – probation grant, without wardship, from juvenile court for a specific time not to exceed six months.

Appendix 7

Juvenile Justice Glossary

Population at Risk – that portion of the total population who, because of like characteristics to the specific study group, are considered “at risk.” For juveniles, all persons between 10 and 17 would constitute the at-risk population.

Private Facility – a facility operated by a private individual or group.

Public Facility – a facility operated by a governmental agency other than a county probation.

Race/Ethnic Groups:

American Indian – a person whose ancestry is any of the original peoples of North America and who maintains cultural identification through tribal affiliation or community recognition.

Asian/Pacific Islander – a person whose ancestry is Cambodian, Chinese, Filipino, Guamanian, Hawaiian, Japanese, Korean, Laotian, Other Asian (a person who may be Asian but whose specific ethnic origin is not known or declared, or none of the other Asian codes apply), Pacific Islander, Samoan, or Vietnamese.

Black – a person whose ancestry is any of the black racial groups of Africa.

Hispanic – a person of Mexico, Puerto Rico, Cuba, Central and South America or other Spanish culture or origin regardless of race.

Other/Unknown – a person who cannot be linked to any of the general or specific racial/ethnic groups listed.

White – a person whose ancestry is any of the original peoples of Europe, North Africa, or the Middle East.

Referral – a juvenile who is brought to the attention of the probation department for alleged behavior under 601 and 602 Welfare and Institutions Code (WI).

Remand to Adult Court – a disposition resulting from a fitness hearing that finds a juvenile unfit for the juvenile system and transfers a juvenile to the adult system.

Reopen – a disposition that refers to a case previously closed at intake.

Reverse Remand – occurs when a case is sent back to the juvenile system from the adult system.

Reverse Waiver for Sentencing – occurs when the adult system sends a juvenile back to the juvenile system for sentencing.

Secure Facility – a facility where a juvenile is held behind a locked door, gate, or fence, or in which some person is responsible for physically preventing the juvenile’s escape or departure from the facility.

Technical Violation – occurs when a juvenile violates a condition of his/her probation but does not commit a new offense.

Traffic Court – a disposition indicating the case was transferred to the traffic court for processing.

Transfer – a disposition which transfers the juvenile to another county juvenile court or probation department.

Ward Probation – a probation grant in which a minor is declared a ward of the juvenile court and placed on formal probation.

WI – Welfare and Institutions Code.